## Math 181 Quiz 7 Version A

1. Explain why $\frac{d}{d x} \arctan x=\frac{1}{1+x^{2}}$ using the calculus rule $\frac{d}{d x} f^{-1}(x)=\frac{1}{f^{\prime}\left(f^{-1}(x)\right)}$ for differentiating the inverse function and trigonometry.
2. Find the following derivatives using the rules of calculus:
(i) $\frac{d}{d x} \sqrt{x^{2}+3}$
(ii) $\frac{d}{d x} \ln (\sin 5 x)$
