

Math 181 Final Review Version E

1. Precisely define $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) = L$ using inequalities in terms of δ and ϵ .
2. Define the derivative $f'(x)$ of a function $f(x)$ using limits.
3. Suppose $2x \sin y + y \sin x = 3$. Find dy/dx by implicit differentiation.
4. Define the integral $\int_a^b f(x)dx$ of a function $f(x)$ using limits.
5. Find the following limits:

(i) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{x^2 - x - 6}{x - 3}$

(ii) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^2 + 3x - 1}{3x^2 - 1}$

(iii) $\lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - e^{-3t}}{t}$

6. Find the following derivatives:

(i) $\frac{d}{dx} \arctan(-2x)$

(ii) $\frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{x}{x^2 + 5} \right)$

(iii) $\frac{d}{dx} |\sin(5 - 2x)|$

7. Find the following antiderivatives:

(i) $\int (3x^3 + x^2) dx$

(ii) $\int x^6 \cos(x^7 + 1) dx$

(iii) $\int x\sqrt{x-2} dx$

8. Compute the following areas:

(i) $\int_1^2 x^{-3} dx$

(ii) $\int_0^{\pi/2} \sin 2x dx$

(iii) $\int_1^4 \frac{1}{x+2} dx$

9. Solve the following story problems:

- (i) The length of a rectangle is increasing at a rate of 8 cm/s and its width is increasing at a rate of 5 cm/s. When the length is 12 cm and the width is 4 cm, how fast is the area of the rectangle increasing?
- (ii) A street light is mounted at the top of a 12-ft-tall pole. A man 6 ft tall walks away from the pole with a speed of 3 ft/s along a straight path. How fast is the tip of his shadow moving when he is 40 ft from the pole?
- (iii) A box with an open top is to be constructed from a single sheet of metal 3 inches long and 2 inches wide by cutting out the corners and folding up the sides.



Find the height of the box with the maximal volume.

10. Answer the following true/false questions:

- (i) $\lim_{\theta \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos \theta}{\theta} = 1$.
- (ii) If f is continuous at a , then f is differentiable at a .
- (iii) If f is continuous on $[a, b]$, then the integral $\int_a^b f(x)dx$ exists.

3. Suppose $2x \sin y + y \sin x = 3$. Find dy/dx by implicit differentiation.

$$\frac{d}{dx} (\underbrace{2x \sin y}_{\text{product}} + \underbrace{y \sin x}_{\text{product}}) = \frac{d}{dx} 3$$

$$\left(\frac{d}{dx} 2x \right) \sin y + 2x \left(\frac{d}{dx} \sin y \right) + \frac{dy}{dx} \sin x + y \left(\frac{d}{dx} \sin x \right) = 0$$

$$2 \sin y + 2x \cos y y' + y' \sin x + y \cos x = 0$$

solve for y'

$$y' (2x \cos y + \sin x) = -2 \sin y - y \cos x$$

$$y' = \frac{-2 \sin y - y \cos x}{2x \cos y + \sin x}$$