

**Example 3.6.** Reconsider the family farm problem of Example 3.4. The family has 625 acres available for planting. There are 5 plots of 120 acres each and another plot of 25 acres. The family wants to plant each plot with only one crop: corn, wheat, or oats. As before, 1,000 acre-ft of water will be available for irrigation, and the farmers will be able to devote 300 hours of labor per week. Additional data are presented in Table 3.2. Find the crop that should be planted in each plot for maximum profit.

**Table 3.2.**

Requirements	Corn	Wheat	Oats
Irrigation (acre-ft)	3.0	1.0	1.5
Labor (person-hrs/week)	0.8	0.2	0.3
Yield (\$)	400	200	250

$x_1$  = number of 120 acre plots of corn planted  
 $x_2$  = number of 120-acre plots of wheat planted  
 $x_3$  = number of 120-acre plots of oats planted  
 $x_4$  = number of 25-acre plots of corn planted  
 $x_5$  = number of 25-acre plots of wheat planted  
 $x_6$  = number of 25-acre plots of oats planted  
 $w$  = irrigation required (acre-ft)  
 $l$  = labor required (person-hrs/wk)  
 $t$  = total acreage planted  
 $y$  = total yield (\$)

```
In [1]: using JuMP, HiGHS
```

```
In [2]: model=Model(HiGHS.Optimizer)
```

```
Out[2]: A JuMP Model
  | solver: HiGHS
  | objective_sense: FEASIBILITY_SENSE
  | num_variables: 0
  | num_constraints: 0
  | Names registered in the model: none
```

```
In [3]: @variable(model, x[1:6].>=0, Int)
```

```
Out[3]: 6-element Vector{VariableRef}:
 x[1]
 x[2]
 x[3]
 x[4]
 x[5]
 x[6]
```

```
In [4]: print(model)
```

```
feasibility
Subject to  $x_1 \geq 0$ 
            $x_2 \geq 0$ 
            $x_3 \geq 0$ 
            $x_4 \geq 0$ 
            $x_5 \geq 0$ 
            $x_6 \geq 0$ 
            $x_1 \in \mathbb{Z}$ 
            $x_2 \in \mathbb{Z}$ 
            $x_3 \in \mathbb{Z}$ 
            $x_4 \in \mathbb{Z}$ 
            $x_5 \in \mathbb{Z}$ 
            $x_6 \in \mathbb{Z}$ 
```

$w(x)$  = The total amount of water used

$l(x)$  = The total labor needed

$t(x)$  = The total acres planted

$y(x)$  = The yield (objective function)

```
In [5]: # Note the function definitions that extend over two lines extend
# to the next line by placing the + at the end of the first line.
w(x)=120*(3.0*x[1]+1.0*x[2]+1.5*x[3])+
      25*(3.0*x[4]+1.0*x[5]+1.5*x[6])
l(x)=120*(0.8*x[1]+0.2*x[2]+0.3*x[3])+
      25*(0.8*x[4]+0.2*x[5]+0.3*x[6])
t(x)=120*(x[1]+x[2]+x[3])+25*(x[4]+x[5]+x[6])
y(x)=120*(400*x[1]+200*x[2]+250*x[3])+
      25*(400*x[4]+200*x[5]+250*x[6])
```

```
Out[5]: y (generic function with 1 method)
```

```
In [6]: @objective(model,Max,y(x))
```

```
Out[6]: 48000x1 + 24000x2 + 30000x3 + 10000x4 + 5000x5 + 6250x6
```

```
In [7]: c1=@constraint(model,w(x)<=1000)
```

```
Out[7]:  $360x_1 + 120x_2 + 180x_3 + 75x_4 + 25x_5 + 37.5x_6 \leq 1000$ 
```

```
In [8]: c2=@constraint(model,l(x)<=300)
```

```
Out[8]:  $96x_1 + 24x_2 + 36x_3 + 20x_4 + 5x_5 + 7.5x_6 \leq 300$ 
```

```
In [9]: c3=@constraint(model,x[1]+x[2]+x[3]<=5)
```

Out[9]:

$$x_1 + x_2 + x_3 \leq 5$$

```
In [10]: c4=@constraint(model,x[4]+x[5]+x[6]<=1)
```

Out[10]:

$$x_4 + x_5 + x_6 \leq 1$$

```
In [11]: print(model)
```

```
max 48000x1 + 24000x2 + 30000x3 + 10000x4 + 5000x5 + 6250x6
Subject to 360x1 + 120x2 + 180x3 + 75x4 + 25x5 + 37.5x6 ≤ 1000
          96x1 + 24x2 + 36x3 + 20x4 + 5x5 + 7.5x6 ≤ 300
          x1 + x2 + x3 ≤ 5
          x4 + x5 + x6 ≤ 1
          x1 ≥ 0
          x2 ≥ 0
          x3 ≥ 0
          x4 ≥ 0
          x5 ≥ 0
          x6 ≥ 0
          x1 ∈ ℤ
          x2 ∈ ℤ
          x3 ∈ ℤ
          x4 ∈ ℤ
          x5 ∈ ℤ
          x6 ∈ ℤ
```

```
In [12]: optimize!(model)
```

Running HiGHS 1.13.1 (git hash: 1d267d97c): Copyright (c) 2026 under Apache 2.0 license terms

Using BLAS: blastrampoline

MIP has 4 rows; 6 cols; 18 nonzeros; 6 integer variables (0 binary)

Coefficient ranges:

Matrix [1e+00, 4e+02]

Cost [5e+03, 5e+04]

Bound [0e+00, 0e+00]

RHS [1e+00, 1e+03]

Presolving model

4 rows, 6 cols, 18 nonzeros 0s

4 rows, 6 cols, 18 nonzeros 0s

Presolve reductions: rows 4(-0); columns 6(-0); nonzeros 18(-0) - Not reduced

Objective function is integral with scale 0.004

Solving MIP model with:

4 rows

6 cols (3 binary, 3 integer, 0 implied int., 0 continuous, 0 domain fixed)

18 nonzeros

Src: B => Branching; C => Central rounding; F => Feasibility pump; H => Heuristic;

I => Shifting; J => Feasibility jump; L => Sub-MIP; P => Empty MIP; R => Randomized rounding;

S => Solve LP; T => Evaluate node; U => Unbounded; X => User solution; Y => HiGHS solution;

Z => ZI Round; l => Trivial lower; p => Trivial point; u => Trivial upper; z => Trivial zero

		Nodes		B&B Tree		Objective Bounds	
Dynamic Constraints				Work			
Src	Proc.	InQueue	Leaves	Expl.	BestBound	BestSol	
Gap	Cuts	InLp	Confl.	LpIters	Time		
z	0	0	0	0.00%	inf	-0	La
rge	0	0	0	0	0.0s		
J	0	0	0	0.00%	inf	150000	La
rge	0	0	0	0	0.0s		
R	0	0	0	0.00%	162500	155000	4.
84%	0	0	0	4	0.0s		
L	0	0	0	0.00%	162250	162250	0.
00%	10	3	3	8	0.0s		
	1	0	1	100.00%	162250	162250	0.
00%	10	3	3	8	0.0s		

Solving report

Status Optimal  
Primal bound 162250  
Dual bound 162250  
Gap 0% (tolerance: 0.01%)  
P-D integral 0.00268704875823  
Solution status feasible  
162250 (objective)  
0 (bound viol.)

```
3.99680288865e-15 (int. viol.)
0 (row viol.)
Timing 0.04
Max sub-MIP depth 1
Nodes 1
Repair LPs 0
LP iterations 8
0 (strong br.)
4 (separation)
0 (heuristics)
```

```
In [13]: objective_value(model)
```

```
Out[13]: 162250.000000000003
```

```
In [14]: value(x)
```

```
Out[14]: 6-element Vector{Float64}:
 0.9999999999999998
 2.0
 2.0000000000000004
 3.9968028886505635e-15
 -0.0
 0.9999999999999996
```

Solution was [1, 2, 2, 0, 0, 1] with optimal yield 162250.

```
In [ ]:
```